## The 14 Element AHA Cardiovascular Screening Checklist for Congenital and Genetic Heart Disease (Recommended for Pre-Participation Screening of Competitive Athletes)

| Personal | History |
|----------|---------|
|          |         |

| Yes | No     |  |
|-----|--------|--|
|     |        | 1. Chest pain/discomfort/tightness/pressure related to exertion  |
|     |        | 2. Unexplained syncope/near-syncope*   |
|     |        | 3. Excessive exertional and unexplained dyspnea/fatigue or palpitations, associated with exercise  |
|     |        | 4. Prior recognition of a heart murmur   |
|     |        | 5. Elevated systemic blood pressure  |
|     |        | 6. Prior restriction from participation in sports  |
|     |        | 7. Prior testing for the heart, ordered by a physician   |
|     |        |  |
| Fan | nily l | History  |
| Yes | No     |  |
|     |        | 8. Premature death (sudden and unexpected, or otherwise) before age 50 attributable to heart disease in ≥1 relative  |
|     |        | 9. Disability from heart disease in close relative <50 y of age  |
|     |        | 10. Hypertrophic or dilated cardiomyopathy, long-QT syndrome, or other ion channelopathies,<br>Marfan syndrome, or clinically significant arrhythmias; specific knowledge of certain cardiac<br>conditions in family members |
| Phy | /sica  | I Examination  |
| Yes | No     |  |
|     |        | 11. Heart murmur**   |
|     |        | 12. Femoral pulses to exclude aortic coarctation   |
|     |        | 13. Physical stigmata of Marfan syndrome   |
|     |        | 14. Brachial artery blood pressure (sitting position)***   |
| * W | /hen ( | determined to be not of neurcardiogenic (vasovagal) in origin. Of particular concern is syncope post   |

- \* When determined to be not of neurcardiogenic (vasovagal) in origin. Of particular concern is syncope poststrenous activity.
- \*\* Auscultation should be performed in both sitting and standing positions (or with Valsalva maneuver). Objective is to identify murmurs of dynamic LV outflow tract obstruction.
- \*\*\* Should be taken in both arms.